



Иностранный язык в сфере юриспруденции.dor_БАК_24-160-Б

- 1 The primary origin of most rules of law is ...
- 2 The development of new codes of law in various countries was influenced by ...
- 3 The common law system in England began to develop in ...
- 4 The term "Magna Carta" is translated in English as ...
- 5 According to Salmond, law is defined as ...
- 6 Laws are considered essential for society because ...
- 7 ... is an established and accepted way of behavior in defined circumstances that develops into a norm within a society.
- 8 ... is an individual or a body responsible for creating, amending, and enacting laws on behalf of the state.
- 9 ... is a historical document from 1217 that established limits on the powers of the king and laid the groundwork for individual legal rights and liberties.
- 10 ... is a legal system developed in England based on court precedents and judicial decisions rather than statutory laws.
- 11 ... is a body of laws governing private rights and obligations, primarily derived from Roman law and codified statutes.
- 12 ... is legal responsibility for one's actions or failures to act, which may result in penalties, damages, or the obligation to compensate for harm caused.
- 13 Match the beginnings and the endings of each phrase:
- 14 Match the beginnings and the endings of each phrase:
- 15 Match the beginnings and the endings of each phrase:
- 16 Match the principles of law with its purposes



- 17 Match the statements with its descriptions
- 18 Put the following events of the development of law in chronological order:
- 19 Put the following documents in chronological order based on their significance:
- 20 Arrange the following influences on the development of law in chronological order:
- 21 Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: Alex, a college student, recently rented an apartment near campus. After moving in, Alex discovered several issues: the heating system was broken, and there were leaks in the bathroom. Concerned about these problems, Alex contacted the landlord multiple times but received no response. Frustrated, Alex decided to research tenant rights. Through this research, Alex learned that local housing laws require landlords to maintain safe and habitable living conditions. With this knowledge, Alex sent a formal letter outlining the issues and referencing the relevant laws, demanding prompt repairs. After receiving the letter, the landlord quickly arranged for repairs. Alex felt empowered knowing that understanding the law helped resolve the situation effectively. Question: What is one of the key roles of law in Alex's situation?
- 22 A characteristic of common law systems is ...
- 23 In civil law systems, the primary source of law is ...
- 24 A legal system that is known for its reliance on written codes and statutes is called ...
- 25 The purpose of legal norms is ...
- 26 A term which refers to the body of laws that govern private rights and obligations is called ...
- 27 "Jurisprudence" refers to ...
- 28 The judicial power belongs to
- 29 ... is a popular assembly elected in the UK for a term of not more than 5 years by almost universal adult suffrage.
- 30 Match the beginnings and the endings of each phrase:



- (31) Match the countries with their legal systems:
- (32) Match the key characteristics of continental law with examples:
- (33) Match the concepts of common law with their implications:
- (34) The ... is responsible for interpreting the law and ensuring justice is served.
- (35) In a criminal case, the ... must prove the defendant's guilt beyond a reasonable doubt.
- (36) The principle of ... ensures that similar cases are treated alike in the legal system.
- (37) If someone is accused of a crime, they have the right to a ... trial.
- (38) Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: John was wrongfully convicted of theft based on faulty eyewitness testimony and inadequate legal representation. After serving two years in prison, new evidence emerged that proved his innocence. John is now considering a lawsuit against the state for the wrongful conviction, seeking compensation for the time he lost and the emotional distress he experienced. Question: What legal principle is most applicable to John's situation?
- (39) The term "area of law" refers to ...
- (40) Which of the following is NOT a common area of law?
- (41) Federal law is ...
- (42) Municipal law is primarily concerned with ...
- (43) An example of a source of national law is ...
- (44) A key difference between international law and domestic law is ...
- (45) Match the areas of law with their definitions:
- (46) Match types of contracts with their examples:
- (47) Match the terms with their definitions:



48 Match the terms with their definitions:

49 Put the following steps in the correct order for a civil lawsuit:

50 Arrange the stages of criminal proceedings in the correct sequence:

51 Put the following areas of law in order from most general to most specific:

52 The area of law that deals with crimes and their punishments is known as ... law.

53 The body of law that governs the relationship between individuals and the government is called ... law.

54 Criminal ... are nearly always started by the state in order to punish the accused.

55 ... refers to ordinances and regulations enacted by local government entities, such as cities, towns, or counties.

56 Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: In a bustling city, various legal issues arise daily, impacting the lives of its residents. A local business owner faces a lawsuit from a competitor claiming unfair business practices. Meanwhile, a couple is navigating the complexities of divorce and child custody arrangements. Additionally, a musician seeks to protect their original songs from being copied without permission. Each situation falls under different areas of law, highlighting the diverse legal landscape. Which area of law primarily focuses on the protection of individual freedoms and the enforcement of personal rights?

57 Who presides over the hearing in a courtroom?

58 In a legal context, the primary responsibility of a prosecutor is ...

59 The primary role of a barrister is ...

60 A professional that typically has direct contact with clients is a ...

61 Match each legal profession with the correct description:

62 Match each legal profession with the correct description:

63 Match each similar legal profession with its job description:



- (64) Match each legal profession with the corresponding description:
- (65) Put the steps in the correct order to become a practicing attorney:
- (66) Arrange series of events related to the legal profession in the correct chronological order:
- (67) ... receive instructions from their clients on a variety of matters both civil and criminal.
- (68) ... have rights of audience in the higher courts.
- (69) Lawyers may perform different functions: they give legal ... to clients, draft legal papers and represent a client in a court of law.
- (70) Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer: You are a junior associate at a law firm specializing in corporate law. Your supervisor has asked you to prepare a brief summary of an important legal concept that is frequently encountered in your practice area. Question: What important legal concept should a junior lawyer prepare for in their practice?
- (71) The highest court in England is the ...
- (72) Which of the following is NOT a type of court in England?
- (73) The primary role of a judge in the English court system is ...
- (74) Serious criminal cases are typically heard in the ...
- (75) The purpose of a jury in a trial is ...
- (76) Match the court with its function:
- (77) Match the court process with its step:
- (78) Put the steps of the judicial process in the correct order:
- (79) Match the court type with its function:
- (80) Put the steps of a civil action in the correct order:
- (81) Put the steps of the appeal process in the correct order:



82 The ... is the second-highest court in England and Wales.

83 The judges in the Supreme Court are known as

84 The ... Court deals with appeals from lower courts.

85 Originally, the jurors were neighbourhood ... who passed judgment on the basis of what they themselves knew.

86 Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. In the case of Johnson v. Smith, Mr. Johnson, a resident of London, purchased a new roof from a construction company owned by Mr. Smith. After completing the installation, Mr. Johnson discovered multiple leaks during the first rainstorm and claimed that the work was poorly done. He attempted to resolve the issue directly with Mr. Smith, but the company refused to fix the roof without additional payment. Consequently, Mr. Johnson filed a lawsuit against Mr. Smith in the County Court, seeking damages for the cost of repairs and associated losses. Question: What type of case is Johnson v. Smith likely to be classified as in the English courts?

87 The first step in starting a civil action in court is ...

88 A document that formally initiates a lawsuit is a(n) ...

89 The purpose of a summons is ...

90 In which court would you typically start a small claims action?

91 What must be included in a complaint?

92 Match the terms with their definitions:

93 Arrange the steps involved in starting a legal action in court in the correct order:

94 The ... or prosecution presents their case to the court first. Once they finish presenting their case, the defendant will present.

95 In a civil case, the ... is the person, corporation, or entity against whom the plaintiff files their lawsuit.

96 Any party to the litigation may call a ... to testify about the case.

97 The ... is usually an assistant district attorney (state court cases) or assistant U.S. attorney (federal court cases).



- 98 Match the terms with their correct definitions:
- 99 Match the terms with their correct definitions:
- 100 All criminal offenses are technically considered statutory crimes since they are all prohibited by
- 101 Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Mr. Baker, a manager at Green-water shopping centre, seeks to file a claim against his employer for unpaid overtime. According to his employment contract, he is entitled to overtime pay. What should Mr. Baker do first to address this issue?
- 102 The primary purpose of tort law is ...
- 103 Which of the following is NOT a type of tort?
- 104 In a negligence claim, which element must the plaintiff prove?
- 105 "Vicarious liability" is ...
- 106 Match the term with its correct definition:
- 107 Order the following steps in a negligence claim:
- 108 Match the term with its correct definition:
- 109 Wilfred Phelps, age 65, is driving his Nissan Altima down Main Street when he suffers the first seizure (a sudden burst of electrical activity in the brain) of his life. He loses control of his vehicle and runs into three people on the sidewalk. Which statement is true?
 - 110 A ... is someone who commits a tort, which is a civil wrong.
 - 111 Other types of torts include assault, battery, false imprisonment, and
 - 112 Tort law defines ... as the legal obligation to act with care, caution, and reasonable consideration to avoid inflicting another person or entity pain or injury.
 - 113 The term "..." pertains to a party's neglect to fulfill their obligations or legal responsibilities towards another party.
 - 114 ... is the element that establishes a direct link between the defendant's wrongdoing or negligence and the plaintiff's injury or damage.



(115) Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. One sunny afternoon, Bob decides to host a barbecue in his backyard. He invites friends over and sets up a large grill. As the party progresses, Bob becomes distracted while socializing with his guests. In his excitement, he accidentally spills hot charcoal from the grill onto Alice's lawn, causing a small fire that damages her flowerbed and lawn. Alice, upon discovering the damage, confronts Bob about the incident. Bob apologizes but claims it was an accident and that he did not intend to harm Alice's property. However, Alice is upset about the damage and the cost of replacing her flowers. Question: What caused the damage to Alice's property?

(116) The primary element required to establish negligence is ...

(117) Which of the following is NOT a type of tort?

(118) A driver runs a red light and causes an accident. This is an example of ...

(119) In a negligence case, the standard of care is generally measured against ...

(120) Which head of tort involves causing harm through intentional actions?

(121) A person who commits a tort is known as a ...

(122) Match the terms with its description:

(123) Match the tort with an example:

(124) Match the tort with its basis of liability:

(125) Match the tort to the plaintiff's claim:

(126) Order the steps in the process of filing a tort claim:

(127) A person has a legal ... to act in a way that does not cause harm to others.

(128) If a person fails to meet the standard of care expected in a situation, it is considered a ... of duty.

(129) The purpose of awarding ... in tort cases is to compensate the injured party for their losses.



(130) An ... tort occurs when a person deliberately causes harm to another individual.

(131) Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Emily was walking her dog in the park when she slipped on a wet patch of grass that had not been marked with any warning signs. The park management had been informed about the slippery conditions days earlier but failed to take any action. As a result of her fall, Emily suffered a broken wrist and incurred medical expenses. She is considering filing a lawsuit against the park management for negligence. Question: Which head of tort is most applicable in Emily's case?

(132) The primary source of most legal principles is ...

(133) Who played a significant role in shaping legal codes across different nations?

(134) The foundation of the common law system in England took shape in ...

(135) "Magna Carta" literally means ...

(136) According to legal theorist Salmond, law is defined as ...

(137) Laws are deemed crucial for society because ...

(138) ... is a customary practice that evolves into societal norms over time.

(139) ... is an individual or entity tasked with formulating, modifying, and implementing laws on behalf of the government.

(140) ... is a pivotal document from 1215 that limited the monarch's power and set the stage for individual rights and freedoms.

(141) ... is a legal framework originating in England that relies on judicial precedents rather than written statutes.

(142) ... is a comprehensive system of laws governing private rights and duties, primarily influenced by Roman law and codified regulations.

(143) ... refers to the legal obligation for one's actions or inactions, which may lead to penalties, damages, or the requirement to compensate for harm caused.

(144) Match the principles of law with its purposes:

(145) Put the following events in chronological order:



- 146 Connect the beginnings and endings of each phrase:
- 147 Match the terms with their corresponding definitions:
- 148 The concept of "stare decisis" is most closely associated the legal system of ...
- 149 The following country primarily follows a civil law system:
- 150 A legal system that combines elements of religious law with secular law is ...
- 151 The ... decided to postpone the hearing until next week for more preparation.
- 152 The ... listened carefully to both sides before making a decision.
- 153 The ... presented strong arguments to support her client's case today.
- 154 The ... found at the scene helped the police solve the mystery quickly.
- 155 The ... took several weeks, but everyone was eager to hear the verdict.
- 156 Many people believe that ... should be fair and equal for everyone involved.
- 157 Match the words with their definitions:
- 158 Connect the countries with their legal systems:
- 159 Arrange the criminal justice process in the right order:
- 160 The first in a criminal case typically is a(n) ...
- 161 The primary source of law in a civil law system is ...
- 162 The correct order of events in a typical criminal trial is ...
- 163 Which of the following is NOT typically considered a level of national law?
- 164 Civil law concerns disputes between:
- 165 This country is known for having an unwritten constitution:



- (166) The branch of law that regulates relationships between different government branches is ...
- (167) National law includes laws at the national, state, regional, and ... levels.
- (168) International law regulates relations between ... and between private citizens of different countries.
- (169) Many countries distinguish between ... law and public law.
- (170) ... law states citizens' rights and duties and regulates relationships between different branches of the state.
- (171) Match the areas of law with their definitions:
- (172) Match the terms with their definitions
- (173) Match the terms with their definitions:
- (174) Put the following steps in the correct order for a civil lawsuit:
- (175) Put the stages of criminal proceedings in the correct order:
- (176) Arrange the following areas of law in order from most general to most specific:
- (177) Find a pair to make collocations:
- (178) In England, the legal profession is divided into two main types. These are:
- (179) The key difference between solicitors and barristers in England is ...
- (180) Barristers are known to be specialists in ...
- (181) A primary function of solicitors is ...
- (182) ... law deals with disputes between individuals or organizations in civil matters.
- (183) The highest court in the United States is the ... Court.
- (184) A ... is a legal document that grants someone the authority to act on behalf of another person.



185 ... is the principle that ensures fair and equal treatment under the law, regardless of wealth or status.

186 Match each legal profession with the correct description:

187 Match each legal profession with the correct description:

188 Match each legal profession with its description:

189 Put the following legal professionals in order from highest to lowest position in the hierarchy:

190 Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: Sarah is a small business owner who recently faced a dispute with a supplier over a delayed shipment that affected her ability to serve her customers. Unsure of her rights and the best course of action, she considers seeking legal advice. Question: What are two primary motives for making and enforcing laws that Sarah should understand as she navigates her situation?

191 Read the dialogue and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Samantha: Hey Josh, what are you studying for your law exam? Josh: Oh, just the usual. Legal ethics and administrative law. Samantha: Ugh, I hate that stuff. So many rules to remember. Josh: Tell me about it. And then there's comparative law on top of that. Samantha: Comparative law? What's that again? Josh: It's a comparison between different legal systems around the world. Like Chinese law, Islamic law, Jewish law, just to name a few. Samantha: Wow, that sounds complicated. How do you keep all of that straight? Josh: Well, thank goodness for my study group. We discuss and quiz each other on different types of laws and their applications. Samantha: Oh yeah, I remember now. And don't forget about international law. Josh: Right. That includes laws related to the United Nations, like treaties and human rights issues. Samantha: Man, being a lawyer is not easy. Josh: No kidding. But it's also fascinating to see how different societies have developed their own sets of laws. Samantha: True. And the way those laws intersect with politics, social justice, and even war. Josh: Exactly. There's so much to learn and explore in the field of law. Question: According to the conversation, what helps Josh keep track of the different types of laws?



192 Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: Maria is a law student studying different legal systems around the world. In her recent class, the professor asked the students to identify the two main traditions of law. Maria is confused and wants to ensure she understands the differences between Common Law and Continental Law. Question: Which of the following statements correctly identifies the two main traditions of law in the world?

193 Read the dialogue and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Tom: John, I just read that there are hundreds of unique systems of law used around the world. It's crazy to think about all the different ways people interpret and enforce laws. John: Yeah, it's fascinating how different societies can have such distinct legal systems. What did you find most interesting? Tom: Well, according to this article, legal systems often evolve at two paces – gradual changes in response to societal attitudes, or rapid shifts due to major events like revolutions or conflicts. Can you imagine a complete overhaul of our legal system overnight? John: It's definitely hard to wrap my head around. And geographical, historical, and political events can also shape a country's legal system. Tom: Right! Like how in Western countries, Civil Law is the most prevalent type of legal system, tracing its origins back to the Roman Justinian code from the 6th century. But then other countries were influenced by the French Revolution and adopted the Napoleonic Code of Civil Law instead. John: That's true. I've heard that even some African countries have Civil Law systems based on the Belgian influence during colonization. Tom: Wow, I had no idea. These systems sound so complex. John: Yes, they do. And all of them involve a national constitution, legislation, subordinate laws, traditions, and codes of laws. It's pretty impressive how these five elements come together to create a functioning legal system. Tom: Absolutely. And it makes me appreciate the importance of having well-defined and enforced laws in our society. John: Definitely. It may seem complicated, but ultimately, the goal is to maintain fairness and justice for everyone. Question: Which historical event led to the creation of the Napoleonic Code of Civil Law?

194 Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: John is preparing for his final exam in his law course. He comes across a scenario where a country is involved in a dispute with another nation regarding trade regulations. He needs to determine which area of law primarily governs this situation. Question: Which area of law is most relevant to the dispute between the two nations regarding trade regulations?



195 Read the dialogue and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Lila: Have you read the new law passed by Congress last week? It's about regulating environmental pollution. Mark: No, I haven't. How is it different from the current regulations? Lila: Well, it gives more power to federal agencies in enforcing and monitoring compliance with environmental laws. And it also imposes stricter penalties for violations. Mark: That sounds like a good step towards protecting our environment. But what about local laws? Do they have any impact on this issue? Lila: Yes, definitely. Each state has its own set of environmental laws that are tailored to their specific needs and challenges. Mark: Right, I remember learning about that in my Environmental Law class. So even if there are national laws in place, local governments can create additional regulations? Lila: Exactly. They can provide more detailed rules that cater to the particular needs of the community. And these local laws must comply with both state and federal laws. Mark: Interesting. These different levels of laws can get quite complex. Lila: Definitely. And it reflects the unique history, culture, values, and political institutions of each sovereign state. That's why we have diverse legal systems around the world. Mark: Yeah, I never realized how vast and intricate the field of law is. Lila: It sure is. And keeping up with all the changes and developments is no easy task. Mark: You're right about that. Thanks for explaining everything to me, Lila. I really appreciate it. Lila: Anytime, Mark. That's what friends are for! Question: According to Lila, why do we have diverse legal systems around the world?

196 Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: Emily is a law student in England who is interested in pursuing a career in the legal profession. She is trying to understand the differences between barristers, solicitors, and judges. Recently, she attended a seminar where different legal professionals spoke about their roles. After the seminar, Emily has a few questions regarding who does what in the legal system. Question: Which of the following statements correctly describes the role of a barrister in England?



197 Read the dialogue and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. John: So, Sarah... When did you decide to become a lawyer? Sarah: I've always been interested in the legal profession since I was young. My parents were lawyers too. John: Wow, really? Did they work together or something? Sarah: No, but they both inspired me to choose this career path. John: That's cool. I can barely remember when I decided what I wanted to do with my life. Sarah: It definitely wasn't an overnight decision for me either. It took years of hard work and studying to get where I am now. John: Yeah, that's why I never pursued law. Too much reading and memorization. Sarah: It's not just about memorizing laws and statutes. You have to be able to think critically and analyze information from different perspectives. John: True, true. And how long have you been a practicing attorney? Sarah: For about five years now. I started as a paralegal before taking the bar exam. John: That must have been tough. The bar exam is known to be quite challenging. Sarah: Oh, it definitely was. But it was worth it in the end. What about you? How long have you been working at your law firm? John: Just a year, but I already feel like I'm learning so much from everyone here. Sarah: That's great to hear. Law is an ever-changing field, so we never stop learning. John: Yeah, I love that aspect of it. Always something new to discover. Sarah: Absolutely. And speaking of learning, I have a case tomorrow morning that I need to prepare for. I should probably head out soon. John: Of course. Good luck with your case! Sarah: Thanks. Have a good evening, John! Question: How long has Sarah been a practicing attorney?

198 The primary source of most legal principles is ...

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- (226) The first in a criminal case typically is a(n) ...
- (227) The primary source of law in a civil law system is ...
- (228) The correct order of events in a typical criminal trial is ...
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- (251) ... is the principle that ensures fair and equal treatment under the law, regardless of wealth or status.
- (252) Match each legal profession with the correct description:
- (253) Match each legal profession with the correct description:
- (254) Match each legal profession with its description:
- (255) Put the following legal professionals in order from highest to lowest position in the hierarchy:
- (256) The primary function of civil courts in the English legal system is ...
- (257) Which of the following is NOT typically a matter dealt with in civil courts?
- (258) Most civil cases are usually considered in ...
- (259) The type of law usually involved in cases brought before criminal courts is ...
- (260) The court that deals with minor criminal cases and some civil matters such as debts is the ...
- (261) There are ... and criminal courts within the English legal system.
- (262) In the criminal courts, cases are brought against a person who has broken the
- (263) Match the word combinations with their definitions:
- (264) Match the court process with its description:



(265) Put the steps of the judicial process in the correct order

(266) Put the steps of a civil action in the correct order

(267) Put the steps of the appeal process in the correct order:

(268) Match the words with their definitions:

(269) The process of starting a claim in civil court is commonly called ...

(270) Most civil claims in England are filed in the ...

(271) The term for the sum of money paid to the court to issue proceedings is ...

(272) In civil cases, the court can award ... to compensate the person who has suffered:

(273) The entity that typically starts criminal actions is ...

(274) In England, most civil claims are filed with the ... court.

(275) The document used by a claimant to start legal action against the defendant is called a ...

(276) If the ... is found guilty, the court can order punishment.

(277) In criminal cases, if the police have enough evidence, they can make a formal ... against a suspect.

(278) Match the halves up make up the sentences:

(279) Match the words with their definitions:

(280) Put the steps involved in starting a legal action in court in the correct order:

(281) Put the following steps in the correct order:

(282) Put the following steps in the correct order:

(283) The primary purpose of tort law is ...

(284) In tort law, the person responsible for proving the elements of the case is called ...



- (285) Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of tort law?
- (286) The main difference between tort law and criminal law is that the ...
- (287) In a tort case, the usual remedies available to the claimant are ...
- (288) The party that bears the burden of proof in a criminal case is ...
- (289) A ... is a civil wrong that causes harm or loss to another person.
- (290) ... is a key element in many tort cases, where the defendant fails to exercise reasonable care.
- (291) In tort law, the person who commits the wrongful act is called the
- (292) A successful tort claim may result in the award of ... to compensate the victim for their losses.
- (293) Match the words with their definitions:
- (294) Put the following steps in the correct order for filing a tort lawsuit:
- (295) Match the halves to make up correct sentences:
- (296) Match the halves to make up correct sentences:
- (297) Defamation is primarily concerned with ...
- (298) The following is NOT a form of defamation ...
- (299) The tort of libel refers to ...
- (300) In the context of product liability, the entity or person who can be held responsible for damage caused by faulty goods is ...
- (301) Vicarious liability allows ...
- (302) An example of a statutory tort is ...
- (303) ... liability allows for suing the employer of a person who commits a tort during normal employment.
- (304) Many torts are based on ... law, which relies on precedents set by previous cases.



- (305) Statutory torts are those that come from ... , where the breach of duty is defined in legal code.
- (306) ... covers attacks against someone's reputation through the written or spoken word.
- (307) Match the terms with their correct descriptions:
- (308) Match the terms with their correct descriptions:
- (309) Order the steps in the process of filing a tort claim:
- (310) Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: Sarah is a small business owner who recently faced a dispute with a supplier over a delayed shipment that affected her ability to serve her customers. Unsure of her rights and the best course of action, she considers seeking legal advice. Question: What are two primary motives for making and enforcing laws that Sarah should understand as she navigates her situation?
- (311) Read the dialogue and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Samantha: Hey Josh, what are you studying for your law exam? Josh: Oh, just the usual. Legal ethics and administrative law. Samantha: Ugh, I hate that stuff. So many rules to remember. Josh: Tell me about it. And then there's comparative law on top of that. Samantha: Comparative law? What's that again? Josh: It's a comparison between different legal systems around the world. Like Chinese law, Islamic law, Jewish law, just to name a few. Samantha: Wow, that sounds complicated. How do you keep all of that straight? Josh: Well, thank goodness for my study group. We discuss and quiz each other on different types of laws and their applications. Samantha: Oh yeah, I remember now. And don't forget about international law. Josh: Right. That includes laws related to the United Nations, like treaties and human rights issues. Samantha: Man, being a lawyer is not easy. Josh: No kidding. But it's also fascinating to see how different societies have developed their own sets of laws. Samantha: True. And the way those laws intersect with politics, social justice, and even war. Josh: Exactly. There's so much to learn and explore in the field of law. Question: According to the conversation, what helps Josh keep track of the different types of laws?



(312) Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: Maria is a law student studying different legal systems around the world. In her recent class, the professor asked the students to identify the two main traditions of law. Maria is confused and wants to ensure she understands the differences between Common Law and Continental Law. Question: Which of the following statements correctly identifies the two main traditions of law in the world?

(313) Read the dialogue and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Tom: John, I just read that there are hundreds of unique systems of law used around the world. It's crazy to think about all the different ways people interpret and enforce laws. John: Yeah, it's fascinating how different societies can have such distinct legal systems. What did you find most interesting? Tom: Well, according to this article, legal systems often evolve at two paces – gradual changes in response to societal attitudes, or rapid shifts due to major events like revolutions or conflicts. Can you imagine a complete overhaul of our legal system overnight? John: It's definitely hard to wrap my head around. And geographical, historical, and political events can also shape a country's legal system. Tom: Right! Like how in Western countries, Civil Law is the most prevalent type of legal system, tracing its origins back to the Roman Justinian code from the 6th century. But then other countries were influenced by the French Revolution and adopted the Napoleonic Code of Civil Law instead. John: That's true. I've heard that even some African countries have Civil Law systems based on the Belgian influence during colonization. Tom: Wow, I had no idea. These systems sound so complex. John: Yes, they do. And all of them involve a national constitution, legislation, subordinate laws, traditions, and codes of laws. It's pretty impressive how these five elements come together to create a functioning legal system. Tom: Absolutely. And it makes me appreciate the importance of having well-defined and enforced laws in our society. John: Definitely. It may seem complicated, but ultimately, the goal is to maintain fairness and justice for everyone. Question: Which historical event led to the creation of the Napoleonic Code of Civil Law?

(314) Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: John is preparing for his final exam in his law course. He comes across a scenario where a country is involved in a dispute with another nation regarding trade regulations. He needs to determine which area of law primarily governs this situation. Question: Which area of law is most relevant to the dispute between the two nations regarding trade regulations?



(315) Read the dialogue and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Lila: Have you read the new law passed by Congress last week? It's about regulating environmental pollution. Mark: No, I haven't. How is it different from the current regulations? Lila: Well, it gives more power to federal agencies in enforcing and monitoring compliance with environmental laws. And it also imposes stricter penalties for violations. Mark: That sounds like a good step towards protecting our environment. But what about local laws? Do they have any impact on this issue? Lila: Yes, definitely. Each state has its own set of environmental laws that are tailored to their specific needs and challenges. Mark: Right, I remember learning about that in my Environmental Law class. So even if there are national laws in place, local governments can create additional regulations? Lila: Exactly. They can provide more detailed rules that cater to the particular needs of the community. And these local laws must comply with both state and federal laws. Mark: Interesting. These different levels of laws can get quite complex. Lila: Definitely. And it reflects the unique history, culture, values, and political institutions of each sovereign state. That's why we have diverse legal systems around the world. Mark: Yeah, I never realized how vast and intricate the field of law is. Lila: It sure is. And keeping up with all the changes and developments is no easy task. Mark: You're right about that. Thanks for explaining everything to me, Lila. I really appreciate it. Lila: Anytime, Mark. That's what friends are for! Question: According to Lila, why do we have diverse legal systems around the world?

(316) Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: Emily is a law student in England who is interested in pursuing a career in the legal profession. She is trying to understand the differences between barristers, solicitors, and judges. Recently, she attended a seminar where different legal professionals spoke about their roles. After the seminar, Emily has a few questions regarding who does what in the legal system. Question: Which of the following statements correctly describes the role of a barrister in England?



(317) Read the dialogue and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. John: So, Sarah... When did you decide to become a lawyer? Sarah: I've always been interested in the legal profession since I was young. My parents were lawyers too. John: Wow, really? Did they work together or something? Sarah: No, but they both inspired me to choose this career path. John: That's cool. I can barely remember when I decided what I wanted to do with my life. Sarah: It definitely wasn't an overnight decision for me either. It took years of hard work and studying to get where I am now. John: Yeah, that's why I never pursued law. Too much reading and memorization. Sarah: It's not just about memorizing laws and statutes. You have to be able to think critically and analyze information from different perspectives. John: True, true. And how long have you been a practicing attorney? Sarah: For about five years now. I started as a paralegal before taking the bar exam. John: That must have been tough. The bar exam is known to be quite challenging. Sarah: Oh, it definitely was. But it was worth it in the end. What about you? How long have you been working at your law firm? John: Just a year, but I already feel like I'm learning so much from everyone here. Sarah: That's great to hear. Law is an ever-changing field, so we never stop learning. John: Yeah, I love that aspect of it. Always something new to discover. Sarah: Absolutely. And speaking of learning, I have a case tomorrow morning that I need to prepare for. I should probably head out soon. John: Of course. Good luck with your case! Sarah: Thanks. Have a good evening, John! Question: How long has Sarah been a practicing attorney?

(318) Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: James is a university student studying law in England. He is particularly interested in understanding the differences between civil and criminal courts, as well as the structure of the legal system, including appeals and tribunals. After attending a guest lecture on the topic, he reflects on the advantages of having a case head in the Crown Court and how appeals work. Question: Which of the following statements correctly describes an advantage of having a case head in the Crown Court?



(319) Read the dialogue and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Judge Smith: The defendant, Mark Jones, is accused of robbery with violence and possession of a dangerous weapon. How does he plead? Mark's Lawyer: Not guilty, your honor. My client had no part in the crime that occurred on the night of May 17th. We have evidence to prove his innocence. Prosecution Lawyer: Your honor, we have witnesses who saw Mr. Jones at the scene of the crime and DNA evidence linking him to the weapon used. Judge Smith: Interesting. Let us hear from the witnesses then. Witness 1: Yes, I saw the defendant wearing a black hoodie and holding a knife as he threatened the victim for her purse. Witness 2: And I remember seeing him run away from the scene with another person. They both had masks on. Judge Smith: Thank you for your testimonies. Are there any other pieces of evidence? Prosecution Lawyer: As mentioned earlier, DNA evidence has been found on the weapon that matches the defendant's. Mark's Lawyer: Your honor, our client works as a chef and it's possible that his DNA was transferred onto the weapon innocently while working in the kitchen. He had no motive or reason to commit this crime. Judge Smith: I see. Bailiff, please bring in the forensic report. It appears that the DNA evidence could have been innocently transferred. Therefore, I'm declaring the defendant, Mark Jones, not guilty. This court is adjourned. Question: What crimes is Mark Jones accused of?

(320) Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: Emily is a law student who has just completed a module on the initiation of legal actions in England and Wales. She is particularly interested in understanding the differences between starting a civil action and starting a criminal action. After reviewing her notes, she comes across the following statements regarding the processes involved. Question: In England and Wales, which document is typically used to initiate a civil action in the High Court or County Court?



(321) Read the dialogue and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Carly: So you filed a claim against them after all? Max: Yes, I had to. It was the only way to get what they owed me. And I couldn't just let it go and not do anything about it. Carly: Right, but isn't going to court going to be expensive? Max: It's worth it for what they did to me. Plus, there are legal aid services available if I need help with expenses. Carly: That's true. But don't you have to prove your claims in order to win the case? Max: Of course. They have to have merit and be based on solid evidence or proof. Luckily, I have everything organized and ready to present. Carly: Good for you. Do you think their defense will hold up in court? Max: Honestly, I'm not too worried about that. Their argument is pretty weak and easily disproven. My lawyer has already pointed out some holes in their defense. Carly: You hired a lawyer? How much does that cost? Max: Not nearly as much as I thought it would be. There are different options depending on your financial circumstances. Plus, my lawyer is confident we'll win this case. Carly: Wow, okay. So how does the jury pick process work? Max: Well, the judge oversees it and makes sure both sides agree on the jurors selected. The people chosen must listen to all the facts presented before deciding whether the defendant is guilty or not. Carly: Interesting. What happens after the court proceedings? Max: Once the trial concludes, the judge gives instructions to the jury and they deliberate the case. Then, when the verdict is announced by the foreperson, the official record of the trial is recorded by the court reporter. Carly: Got it. So who else is involved besides the judge, lawyers, and jury? Max: Well, there can also be interpreters for non-English speaking witnesses or defendants. And of course, the parties directly involved in the case - the plaintiff and defendant. Carly: Hmm, okay. It seems like a complicated process, but hopefully justice will prevail in your case. Max: Thank you, I'm really hoping so. I just hope the judge and jury see the truth and the wrong that has been done. Question: Who oversees the jury selection process?

(322) Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: Emily is a professional photographer who rents a studio space in a busy downtown area. One day, while she is setting up for a photoshoot, a heavy sign from an adjacent building falls and injures her. The sign was not properly secured, and Emily learns that the building owner had received complaints about it being loose but had not taken any action to fix it. Emily decides to file a lawsuit against the building owner for her injuries. Question: What legal principle is at play in Emily's case when she decides to sue the building owner for her injuries?



(323) Read the dialogue and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Mike: Hey, Karen! What are you studying now? Karen: Law. The law of tort to be specific. Mike: Sounds boring. Karen: Well, maybe it's not the most thrilling subject, but it's important in understanding legal responsibility for harm caused by one person to another. Mike: Like, if someone slips and falls on your property and gets injured? Karen: Yes, that would fall under negligence, a type of tort. It involves proving that someone failed to take reasonable care and caused harm as a result. Mike: So if I spill coffee all over my neighbor's expensive couch, could they sue me for damages? Karen: Absolutely. That would be an intentional tort, where someone deliberately causes harm or damage to another person or their property. Mike: Wow. You really know your stuff. Karen: Thanks. I find it interesting how complex and varied the laws of tort can be. Mike: Do you think you'll specialize in this area after law school? Karen: Maybe. But there are also other areas of law that interest me too, so I'm still keeping my options open. Mike: Well, whatever you decide, I have no doubt you're going to make a great lawyer. Now let's go grab some lunch before my stomach commits an intentional tort against me. Karen: Haha, sounds good. Let's go! Question: How does Karen feel about specializing in tort law after law school?

(324) Read the text below and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Text: James owns a small bakery in a residential neighborhood. One day, he decides to install an outdoor seating area for customers. To create the seating area, he places several tables and chairs on the sidewalk directly outside his shop. However, James does not leave enough space for pedestrians to pass comfortably. A neighbor, Sarah, complains that she has to walk into the street to get around the seating area, which is dangerous, especially with heavy traffic. After a few weeks, Sarah trips over one of the chairs that has been pushed out onto the sidewalk and injures her ankle. She decides to take legal action against James. Question: What legal principle is primarily at play in Sarah's case when she decides to sue James for her injury?



(325)

Read the dialogue and answer the question. There's only one correct answer. Kelly: Wow, that's a lot of information on tort law. Did you understand all of it? Mark: Honestly, most of it went over my head. I'm still trying to wrap my head around the concept of negligence. Kelly: I remember studying this in college. Negligence is when someone breaches their duty of care and causes harm to another person, right? Mark: Yeah, that sounds about right. But there are also certain defenses available in cases of negligence. Like for psychiatric injury or economic loss. Kelly: Wait, so can anyone sue for those things under the premise of negligence? Mark: Not necessarily. The courts use a three-step test to determine if there is a duty of care owed by the defendant to the victim. Kelly: Ah, I see. So basically, the first step is proving that the harm was reasonably foreseeable? Mark: Exactly. And then the second step looks at the relationship between the two parties - whether it's one of proximity or not. Kelly: And finally, the third step considers if it would be fair and just to hold the defendant liable for their actions. Mark: Right. It seems like the case of Caparo Industries Plc v Dickman was a turning point in establishing this threefold test. Kelly: Yeah, it definitely set a precedent. But I can imagine it must have been challenging determining liability in a complex situation like that. Mark: Definitely. And with the ever-changing laws and legal systems, it's important to constantly stay informed and educated. Question: What are some defenses available in cases of negligence?