

## International Economic Security.d

1	One of the common themes resulting from research into the common attributes such as initiative, perseverance and a positive outlook shared by successful entrepreneurs is that:
2	Effective entrepreneurs set challenging yet attainable goals that are:
3	Successful entrepreneurs are people; they want to start producing results immediately.
4	Entrepreneurs:
5	John Warrillow developed attitudinal profiles for three types of entrepreneurs. Which of the following entrepreneurial types prefer to identify themselves by their area of expertise first, and secondly as business owners?
6	According to Vesper, who identified 8 entrepreneurial types, these entrepreneurs go on to build larger companies through hiring and delegation of authority:
7	What business skill is an essential ingredient to entrepreneurial success?
8	What is the role of a business mentor for entrepreneurs?
9	Your credit rating is based on:
10	Social entrepreneurship seeks:
11	The world's economy has become both more "integrated" and more due to globalization.
12	All over the world policymakers have been racing to make their markets more
13	Traditionally, was used to raise revenue to pay for public services and administration.
14	has emerged as a primary global rule-setting agency a role enhanced by its dispute adjudication process in globalization.
15	Globalization has been associated with a massive in foreign capital flows









FDI has become an increasingly important source of investment for developing countries. But it is more than domestic investment.
The 21st century may come to be regarded as the decade of social policy
Countries and firms face penalties in terms of market access unless they with certain labour or environmental standards.
Natural disasters play a huge role in economic security around the world.
Economic policy and institutional and regulatory changes have made capital mobility
comes in many forms, which is why economists refer to "money income" as contrasted with "full income" or "social income".
the additional enterprise benefits that workers receive are also called
Transfers or valuable services provided by local authorities, or formal or informal associations, including charitable organizations and NGOs ae known as
It is inappropriate to assess and income security simply on the basis of earned money incomes.
Income security is by high levels of income inequality, and inequality is part of economic insecurity.
Global inequality is reflected in the between nations.
There have been degrees of, from the substitution of administrative tasks in the public sector by private providers to a full replacement of public pensions by private provision.
The of a universal health care system is probably the main source of insecurity in developing countries.
is the least covered of the standard forms of contingency
benefits have been one of the main pillars of the social insurance systems of industrialized countries.
Throughout the world, the main form of still consists of inter-personal transfers
The poor everywhere have access to social services than the more affluent.

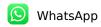








33)	The of income is clearly an aspect of income security.
34)	Old-age income is the dream of people everywhere; aspiring to it is part of the human condition.
35)	In both developing and industrialized countries, there are wide earnings based on worker status.
36)	Pluto's view was that, in the interest of fairness, the paid should never receive more than five times the lowest paid.
37	Labour depends on cooperation as well as individual effort.
38)	security is regarded as better if the workplace provides benefits and entitlements that give security against contingencies and that improve workers' living standards.
39)	The purpose of national index is to measures for those actually earning income from work.
40	An economically equitable firm is surely one in which in earnings and benefits between its members are no more than is required to ensure dynamic efficiency.
41)	reproduction security is considered as a situation where there is a wide range of opportunities for training, apprenticeship and education to acquire and refine knowledge and competencies.
42)	Basic is first of all about the capacity to survive functionally, the capacity to understand, to create and take opportunity
43	The of education is a global trend.
44)	Conventionally, the main indicator of and skill is level of schooling attained.
45)	A workplace is one where there is an environment of skills security, where there are opportunities to learn and apply competencies, and to maintain them
46	It is often presumed that schooling and education lead to a life of levels of other forms of insecurity. In many respects, this may be true.
47)	More schooling is associated with higher incomes andincome security.
48)	Employers tend toto recruit men rather than women in a wide range of production jobs, while almost everywhere women are preferred in clerical jobs.









49	For social, non-discriminatory labour practices are essential in identifying a good firm.
50	Just as advertisements generate dissatisfaction by creating desires and needs that people did not know they had, so incentives commonly dissatisfaction, frustration and a sense of personal failing.
51	Representation security is about having This is an instrumental need, in that having Voice is the optimal way of advancing and defending an interest.
52	Voice is essential at levels of social policy, from design to implementation to monitoring and evaluation.
53	In a large group, one person's individual contribution would not make much difference and the outcome would be
54	In the period of many governments have favored bargaining decentralization.
55	Types of unions are based on functions, purpose and membership
56	People usually do not unite due to of the benefits of joining
57	Increasingly, decision-making is more distant andtransparent while elites appear to control the character of this political democracy and its outcomes.
58	Probably the greatest challenge to work-related security in the era of globalization is finding the most appropriate form of voice.
59	Whether fairly or not, are perceived to represent the interests and aspirations of wage workers in mass production and mass services.
60	Workers in theeconomy need to engage in alliances with formal workers and their trade unions.
61	A decent workplace providessecurity for workers while fostering the dynamic efficiency of their enterprises.
62	The standard outcome indicator of collective security is the unionization rate.
63	It is evident that and related developments have created more economic insecurity.
64	Globally, within numerous countries, over the past two decades has increased.









<b>65</b>	As far as efficiency is concerned, one could imagine that if all incomes were equal, or if overall differentials were very small, economies would stagnate and motivation would be
66	Inequality can be acceptable if it is coupled with a strong needs-based distribution system or the provision of a income.
<b>67</b>	Globalization has raised
68	For industrialized affluent countries a widespread support for the principle that everybody in society should be provided with a minimum income sufficient to cover theirneeds.
69	When posed as the charity principle, many people believe government policies should the poor.
70	Everywhere in the world, care work takes up more time than any other form of work, a disproportionately large part being done by
71	Globalization is producing the prospect of pervasive incomeeverywhere.
72	Policies should focus on principles of social and distributive
73	Micro-credit has been seen as a means of reducing the income of the poor.
74	The use of policy as social and regulation policy has been enormously strengthened by the spread of so-called earned income tax credits.
75	Freedom and restructuring grants is one of the worst forms of inequality, and thus source of income insecurity, is the distribution of wealth in the form of ownership of assets and property rights.
76	Cash transfers are generally the least costly and most rapid way of helping people in times of
77	"The continued ability of a country to pursue its internal life without serious interference." Is termed as:
78	The assurance of the uninterrupted supply of energy at an affordable price, while respecting environmental concerns."
79	energy doesn't only reduces global warming but also lessentensions between countries because of increased competition for diminishing natural resources
80	Power generation by fossil fuels expels significant amounts ofinto the atmosphere





