Development of Creativity.d

	is how a firm or an individual makes money from creativity.
2	is the process -of generating something new that has value.
3	Innovation is the process of creating something new that has significant value to
4	The process of generating something new is known as
5	At what time is creativity possible
6	Who is more creative?
7	Which of this is not a primary challenge facing creativity?
8	Advanced economies like US is being transformed from an industrial economy, creatively because
9	Creativity is a
10	One way to cope with business challenges in modern times is through
(11)	is an integral part of creativity for organizational life.
12	What are the four Stages of the CPS Process?
13	It is necessary toabout the condition of future factors in the problem situation.
14	stage involves making sure the organization's efforts will be directed toward solving the real problem rather than merely eliminating symptoms.
15	CPS is an acronym for
16	breaking down a problem to understand it, generating ideas to solve the problem and evaluating those ideas to find the most effective solutions
17	involves cataloging the known options (a rational act)

Самый быстрый способ связи — мессенджер (кликни по иконке, и диалог откроется)









18	is partly a rational and partly an intuitive exercise.
19	requires persistent attention and accounting for details and anticipating and overcoming obstacles.
20	requires evaluating results is the final
21	is a technique for analyzing the environment
22	A standard strategic planning technique is to pay careful attention to weak signals in the market is a called
23	Trying something new, like the manager who searches science fiction literature to find ideas that are applicable to his high-tech business is called
24	is a technique for recognizing problems
25	Tony Husch and Linda. Foust are examples of
26	Beginning with a situation and looks for potential problems, such as lack of motivation in the work force is.
27	is a technique for identifying problems
28	Fishbone diagram is also known as
29	Fishbone diagram process is called thebecause of the unique way in which the information gathered is arranged visually
30	The fishbone diagram is extremely useful for identifying problems for all except
31	What Makes People Creative?
32	The most important attribute for creative people is
(33)	Domain relevant skills is followed by
34	The 'to think like everyone else' is followed by
35	is the act of doing something without any obvious external rewards.
36	Intrinsically motivation is the opposite of









(37)	creativity.
(38)	Creativity is about being
39	How do you know when you're intrinsically motivated?
40	Which of this can be enhanced?
41	Which of this is not a CPS step?
42	The fourth step for CPS process is
43	The second step for CPS process is
44	The first step for CPS process is
45	Creative problem solving requires the use of different
46	is the person in the meeting who's calling a halt to the discussion and saying, "Are we really solving the right problem?
47	annoy others by asking too many questions being realistic to a fault, or overloading people with information
48	dream of possibilities because the toy with ideas.
49	takes an idea and tinkers with it. Developers improve upon ideas.
50	are individuals who are quick to action, always moving forward.
51	Which of these is not a technique for creativity for individuals?
52	can serve as a means of identifying problems and understanding them better.
53	is a comparison of two things that are essentially dissimilar but are shown through the analogy to have some similarity.
54	is a figure of speech in which two different universes of thought are linked by some point of similarity.
55	Association involves making a mental connection between two objects or ideas.









56	In you say whatever comes into your mind relative to a word you just wrote or relative to a one- or two-word definition of a problem.
57	The difference between free association and regular association is that in regular association
58	The technique of attribute listing, developed by of the University of Nebraska
59	This process consists of randomly selecting problem attributes and combining them to create a topic for a brainstorming session is called
60	Which technique is somewhat similar to the attribute-listing and attribute association?
61	Groups offer six advantages over individual decision making and creative problem solving. Which is not a part of it.
62	A liability to employing group decision making and creative problem solving is
63	Which of this is not a group processes for generating creative alternatives?
64	is one of the most effective, and probably the most widely used, of the group processes
65	Which of this is not brainstorming rules for group?
66	records each contributor's ideas on some visible surface in front of the group.
67	informs the group, preferably in advance of their meeting, that a given topic will be discussed.
68	is a form of non-oral brainstorming to which the basic brainstorming rules apply.
69	In a group, a leader must learn to be
70	Ideas should be sorted into types and ranked according to priority by the
71	Choosing among alternatives is usually described as a
72	Screening of ideas in the first stage is for its
73	Screening of ideas in the second stage is for its





- Which consultant developed a screening matrix for ideas?
- A key axis in the screening matrix is the axis, representing idea attractiveness,
- DOT VOTING is also known as
- $\binom{77}{}$ The tool that identify the steps necessary to implement a solution.
- 78 TQM is an acronym for
- (79) Kurt Lewin, a pioneer in the study of change who developed
- The techniques that require ideas are written on a large surface Rich as a poster board, flip chart or white board.





